## Bodoland University <br> Curriculum Structures for UG syllabus for B.Sc. (Regular Course) <br> SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE <br> No. of papers $=12+12=24$, Total Credits= 120 <br> Total Marks=2100

| Table 1: For SEM-I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| Paper-101P | DSC-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-102P | DSC-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-103P | DSC-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper- <br> 104HP | AECC-1: <br> English/Hindi/MIL <br> (Communication) | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |  |


| Table 2: For SEM-II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| Paper-201P | DSC-1B | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-202P | DSC-2B | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-203P | DSC-3B | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper- <br> 204HP | AECC-2: <br> Environmental Science |  | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |  |


| Table 3: For SEM-III |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |
| Paper-301P | DSC-1C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| Paper-302P | DSC-2C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| Paper-303P | DSC-3C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| Paper-304HP | SEC-1 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |


| Table 4: For SEM-IV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| Paper-401P | DSC-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-402P | DSC-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-403P | DSC-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper- <br> 404HP | SEC-2 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |  |


| Table 5: For SEM-V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| Paper-501P | DSE-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-502P | DSE-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-503P | DSE-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| Paper-504P | SEC-3 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |

## SYLLABUS FOR REGULAR COURSE (COMPUTER SCIENCE)

| Table 1: For SEM-I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| PHY-101R | DSC-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| CS-DSC-102 <br> R | DSC-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| MATH-103 R | DSC-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| COMM-104H <br> R | AECC-1: <br> English/Hindi/MIL <br> (Communication) | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |  |


| Table 3: For SEM-III |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |


| Table 2: For SEM-II |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | $\mathbf{L}+\mathbf{T}+\mathbf{P}$ | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |
| PHY-201 R | DSC-1B | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{gathered} 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{gathered}$ | 20 | 100 |
| CS-DSC-202 R | DSC-2B | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{array}$ | 20 | 100 |
| MATH-203P | DSC-3B | $\begin{aligned} & 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ & 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 100 |
| ENV-204H R | AECC-2: Environmental Science | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total- |  |  | 20 | 290 | 60 | 350 |


| PHY-301 R | DSC-1C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| CS-DSC-302 <br> R | DSC-2C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| MATH-303 R | DSC-3C | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| CS-SEC1-304 <br> R | SEC-1 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |

Table 4: For SEM-IV

| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PHY-401 R | DSC-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| CS-DSC-402 <br> R | DSC-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| MATH-403 <br> R | DSC-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |
| CS-SEC2- <br> 404 R | SEC-2 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |


| Table 6: For SEM-VI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int |  |  |


| Table 5: For SEM-V |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Paper Code | Course | L+T+P | Credit | End Sem | Int | TotalMarks |  |
| PHY-501 R | DSE-1A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| CS-DSE-502 <br> R | DSE-2A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| MATH-503 <br> R | DSE-3A | $4+0+2$ <br> $5+1+0$ | 6 | $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})$ <br> $60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})$ | 20 | 100 |  |
| CS-SEC3- <br> 504 R | SEC-3 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |  |
| Total- |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 0}$ |  |  |


| Paper-601P | DSE-1B | $\begin{aligned} & 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ & 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper-602P | DSE-2B | $\frac{4+0+2}{5+1+0^{\text {Table 6: }}}$ | For SEM- | $\begin{aligned} & 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ & 66(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 100 |
| Papperteade | DSEGBarse | $\begin{aligned} & 4+Q+\mathbb{T}+\mathbf{P} \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | Credit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { G06(d) Sesf(P) } \\ & 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \end{aligned}$ | 17 R | Total ${ }^{\text {Qarks }}$ |
| Paper-604P | SEE=4 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{98(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P})}{60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T})} \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 50 |
| TCEASE- $602 \mathrm{R}$ | DSE-2B | $\begin{aligned} & 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \end{aligned}$ | 26 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 69(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ & 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 60 | 3500 |
| MATH-603 R | DSE-3B | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4+0+2 \\ & 5+1+0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{P}) \\ 60(\mathrm{~L})+20(\mathrm{~T}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 20 | 100 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CS-SEC4- } \\ & 604 \mathrm{R} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | SEC-4 | 2 | 2 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Total- |  |  | 20 | 290 | 60 | 350 |

## $1 \mathbf{1}^{\text {ST }}$ SEMESTER

## DSC-2A:Computer Fundamentals

 Theory: 60 lecturesIntroduction: Introduction to computer system, uses, types.

6L
12L

6L

Human Computer Interface: Types of software, Operating system as userinterface, utility programs

10L
Devices: Input and output devices (with connections and practical demo),keyboard, mouse, joystick, scanner, OCR, OMR, bar code reader, web camera, monitor, printer, plotter

6L
Memory: Primary, secondary, auxiliary memory, RAM, ROM, cache memory, hard disks, optical disks

Computer Organisation and Architecture: C.P.U., registers, system bus, mainmemory unit, cache memory, Inside a computer, SMPS, Motherboard, Ports and Interfaces, expansion cards, ribbon cables, memory chips, processors.

Overview of Emerging Technologies: Bluetooth, cloud computing, big data,data mining, mobile computing and embedded systems.

## Reference Books:

1. A. Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson Education, 2010.
2. P. Aksoy, L. DeNardis, Introduction to Information Technology, Cengage Learning, 2006
3. P. K.Sinha, P. Sinha, Fundamentals of Computers, BPB Publishers, 2007

## Computer Fundamentals Lab

Practical: 60 lectures
Practical exercises based on MS Office/ Open Office tools using document preparation and spreadsheet handling packages.

## MS Word

1. Prepare a grocery list having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of April, 06.

- Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
- The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
- The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
- Leave a gap of 12 -points after the title.

2. Create a telephone directory.

- The heading should be 16 -point Arial Font in bold
- The rest of the document should use 10-point font size
- Other headings should use 10-point Courier New Font.
- The footer should show the page number as well as the date last updated.

3. Design a time-table form for your college.

- The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
- The second line should give the course name/teacher's name and the department in 14-point Arial.
- Leave a gap of 12-points.
- The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
- The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.

4. BPB Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the first page of the book as per the given specifications.

- The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
- The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-
point Arial font.
- At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16point Times New Roman.
- The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.

5. Create the following one page documents.
a. Compose a note inviting friends to a get-together at your house, Including a list of things to bring with them.
b. Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.
c. Design a Garage Sale sign.
d. Make a sign outlining your rules for your bedroom at home, using a numbered list.
6. Create the following documents:
(a) A newsletter with a headline and 2 columns in portrait orientation, including at least one image surrounded by text.
(b) Use a newsletter format to promote upcoming projects or events in your classroom or college.
7. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

| Salesperson | Dolls | Trucks | Puzzles |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Kennedy, Sally | 1327 | 1423 | 1193 |
| White, Pete | 1421 | 3863 | 2934 |
| Pillar, James | 5214 | 3247 | 5467 |
| York, George | 2190 | 1278 | 1928 |
| Banks, Jennifer | 1201 | 2528 | 1203 |
| Atwater, Kelly | 4098 | 3079 | 2067 |
| Pillar, James | 5214 | 3247 | 5467 |
| York, George | 2190 | 1278 | 1928 |
| Banks, Jennifer | 1201 | 2528 | 1203 |
| Atwater, Kelly | 4098 | 3079 | 2067 |

Add a column Region (values: S, N, N,S,S,S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order:

In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.
8. Wrapping of text around the image.
9. Following features of menu option must be covered

| FILE | Complete menu |
| :--- | :--- |
| EDIT | Complete menu |
| VIEW | Complete menu |
| INSERT | Complete menu |


| FORMAT | Complete menu |
| :--- | :--- |
| TABLE | Complete menu |
| WINDOW | Complete menu |
| HELP | Complete menu |
| TOOLS | All options except Online collaboration, Tools on Macro, Templates |

## MS Excel

1. Enter the Following data in Excel Sheet

REGIONAL SALES PROJECTION

| State | Qtr1 | Qtr2 | Qtr3 | QTR4 | Qtr Total | Rate Amount |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Delhi | 2020 | 2400 | 2100 | 3000 | 15 |  |
| Punjab | 1100 | 1300 | 1500 | 1400 | 20 |  |
| U.P. | 3000 | 3200 | 2600 | 2800 | 17 |  |
| Haryana | 1800 | 2000 | 2200 | 2700 | 15 |  |
| Rajasthan | 2100 | 2000 | 1800 | 2200 | 20 |  |

## TOTAL

AVERAGE
(a) Apply Formatting as follow: I.Title in

TIMES NEW ROMAN
ii. Font Size - 14
iii. Remaining text - ARIAL, Font Size - 10
iv. State names and Qtr. Heading Bold, Italic with Gray Fill Color.
v. Numbers in two decimal places.
vi. Qtr. Heading in center Alignment.
vii. Apply Border to whole data.
(b) Calculate State and Qtr. Total
(c) Calculate Average for each quarter
(d) Calculate Amount $=$ Rate $*$ Total.
2. Given the following worksheet

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Roll No. | Name | Marks | Grade |
| 2 | 1001 | Sachin | 99 |  |
| 3 | 1002 | Sehwag | 65 |  |
| 4 | 1003 | Rahul | 41 |  |
| 5 | 1004 | Sourav | 89 |  |
| 6 | 1005 | HarBhajan | 56 |  |

Calculate the grade of these students on the basis of following guidelines:

| If Marks | Then Grade |
| :--- | ---: |
| $>=80$ | $\mathrm{~A}+$ |
| $>=60<80$ | A |
| $>=50<60$ | B |
| $<50$ | F |

3. Given the following workshet

|  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Salesman |  | Sales in (Rs.) |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | No. | Qtr1 | Qtr2 | Qtr3 | Qtr4 | Total | Commission |
| 3 | S001 | 5000 | 8500 | 12000 | 9000 |  |  |
| 4 | S002 | 7000 | 4000 | 7500 | 11000 |  |  |
| 5 | S003 | 4000 | 9000 | 6500 | 8200 |  |  |
| 6 | S004 | 5500 | 6900 | 4500 | 10500 |  |  |
| 7 | S005 | 7400 | 8500 | 9200 | 8300 |  |  |
| 8 | S006 | 5300 | 7600 | 9800 | 6100 |  |  |

Calculate the commission earned by the salesmen on the basis of following Candidates:

## If Total Sales

$$
\begin{aligned}
& <20000 \\
& >20000 \text { and }<25000 \\
& >25000 \text { and }<30000 \\
& >30000 \text { and }<35000 \\
& >=35000
\end{aligned}
$$

## Commission

$0 \%$ of sales
$4 \%$ of sales
$5.5 \%$ of sales
$8 \%$ of sales
$11 \%$ of sales

The total sales is sum of sales of all the four quarters.
4. A company XYZ Ltd. pays a monthly salary to its employees which consists of basic salary, allowances \& deductions. The details of allowances and deductions are as follows:

## Allowances

- HRA Dependent on Basic
$30 \%$ of Basic if Basic $<=1000$
$25 \%$ of Basic if Basic $>1000$ \& Basic $<=3000$
$20 \%$ of Basic if Basic $>3000$
- DA Fixed for all employees, $30 \%$ of Basic
- Conveyance Allowance Rs. 50/- if Basic is $<=1000$ Rs. 75/-
if Basic $>1000$ \& Basic $<=2000$
Rs. 100 if Basic $>2000$
- Entertainment Allowance NIL if Basic is $<=1000$

Rs. 100/- if Basic > 1000

## Deductions

- Provident Fund 6\% of Basic
- Group Insurance Premium Rs. 40/- if Basic is $<=1500$

Rs. $60 /-$ if Basic $>1500$ \& Basic $<=3000$
Rs. 80/- if Basic >3000
Calculate the following:
Gross Salary $\quad=$ Basic + HRA + DA + Conveyance + Entertainment
Total deduction $=$ Provident Fund + Group Insurance Premium
Net Salary $\quad=$ Gross Salary - Total Deduction
5. Create Payment Table for a fixed Principal amount, variable rate of interests and time in the format below:

| No. of Instalments | $5 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | XX | XX | XX | XX | XX |
| 4 | XX | XX | XX | XX | XX |
| 5 | XX | XX | XX | XX | XX |
| 6 | XX | XX | XX | XX | XX |

6. Use an array formula to calculate Simple Interest for given principal amounts given the rate of Interest and time

| Rate of Interest |  | $8 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time |  | 5 Years |
| Principal |  | Simple Interest |
| 1000 | $?$ | $?$ |
| 18000 | $?$ |  |
| 5200 | $?$ |  |

7. The following table gives year wise sale figure of five salesmen in Rs.

| Salesman | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | 10000 | 12000 | 20000 | 50000 |
| S2 | 15000 | 18000 | 50000 | 60000 |
| S3 | 20000 | 22000 | 70000 | 70000 |
| S4 | 30000 | 30000 | 100000 | 80000 |
| S5 | 40000 | 45000 | 125000 | 90000 |

(a) Calculate total sale year wise.
(b) Calculate the net sale made by each salesman
(c) Calculate the maximum sale made by the salesman
(d) Calculate the commission for each salesman under the condition.
(i) If total sales $>4,00,000$ give $5 \%$ commission on total sale made by the salesman.
(ii) Otherwise give $2 \%$ commission.
(e) Draw a bar graph representing the sale made by each salesman. (f)Draw a pie graph representing the sale made by salesman in 2000.
8. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

## PERSONAL BUDGET FOR FIRST QUARTER

## Monthly Income (Net): 1,475

| EXPENSES | JAN | FEB | MARCH QUARTER <br> TOTAL | QUARTER <br> AVERAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rent600.00 | 600.00 | 600.00 |  |  |
| Telephone | 48.25 | 43.50 | 60.00 |  |
| Utilities | 67.27 | 110.00 | 70.00 |  |
| Credit Card | 200.00 | 110.00 | 70.00 |  |
| Oil | 100.00 | 150.00 | 90.00 |  |
| AV to Insurance | 150.00 |  |  |  |
| Cable TV | 40.75 | 40.75 | 40.75 |  |

## Monthly Total

Calculate Quarter total and Quarter average.
(a) Calculate Monthly total.
(b) Surplus = Monthly income - Monthly total.
(c) What would be total surplus if monthly income is 1500 .
(d) How much does telephone expense for March differ from quarter average.
(e) Create a 3D column graph for telephone and utilities.
(f) Create a pie chart for monthly expenses.
9. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

| Publisher nam | e 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Rs. 1,000.00 | Rs. 1100.00 | Rs. 1,300.00 | Rs. 800.00 |
| B | Rs. 1,500.00 | Rs. 700.00 | Rs. 1,000.00 | Rs. $2,000.00$ |
| C | Rs. 700.00 | Rs. 900.00 | Rs. 1,500.00 | Rs. 600.00 |
| D | Rs. 1,200.00 | Rs. 500.00 | Rs. 200.00 | Rs. 1,100.00 |
| ERs 800.00 Rs. $1,000.00$ Rs. 3,000.00 Rs. 560.00 <br> (a) Compute the total revenue earned. |  |  |  |  |
| (b) Plot the | he line chart to | compare the reve | enue of all publ of sam's Book | sher for 4 years. |
| (c) Give appropriate categories and value axis title. |  |  |  |  |

10. Generate 25 random numbers between $0 \& 100$ and find their sum, average and count. How many no. are in range 50-60

## $\underline{2^{\mathrm{ND}} \text { SEMESTER }}$

## DSC-2B:Introduction to Programming

Theory: 60 lectures

```
Introduction to \(\mathbf{C}\) and \(\mathrm{C}++\)
Lectures)
    History of C and C++, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Orientation Programming, Using
    main() function, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C++.
```

Data Types, Variables, Constants, Operators and Basic I/O
(10 Lectures)
Declaring, Defining and Initializing Variables, Scope of Variables, Using Named Constants, Keywords, Data Types, Casting of Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise), Using Comments in programs, Character I/O (getc, getchar, putc, putcharetc), Formatted and Console I/O (printf(), scanf(), cin, cout), Using Basic Header Files (stdio.h, iostream.h, conio.hetc).

## Expressions, Conditional Statements and Iterative Statements

(10 Lectures)
Simple Expressions in C++ (including Unary Operator Expressions, Binary Operator Expressions), Understanding Operators Precedence in Expressions, Conditional Statements (if construct, switch-case construct), Understanding syntax and utility of Iterative Statements (while, do-while, and for loops), Use of break and continue in Loops, Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

## Functions and Arrays

Lectures)
Utility of functions, Call by Value, Call by Reference, Functions returning value, Void functions, Inline Functions, Return data type of functions, Functions parameters, Differentiating between Declaration and Definition of Functions, Command Line Arguments/Parameters in Functions, Functions with variable number of Arguments.

Creating and Using One Dimensional Arrays ( Declaring and Defining an Array, Initializing an Array, Accessing individual elements in an Array, Manipulating array elements using loops), Use Various types of arrays (integer, float and character arrays / Strings) Two-dimensional Arrays (Declaring, Defining and Initializing Two Dimensional Array, Working with Rows and Columns), Introduction to Multi-dimensional arrays

## Derived Data Types (Structures and Unions) <br> Lectures)

Understanding utility of structures and unions, Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, Array of Structures, Individual data members as structures, Passing and returning structures from functions, Structure with union as members, Union with structures as members.

## File I/O, Preprocessor Directives <br> Lectures)

Opening and closing a file (use of fstream header file, ifstream, ofstream and fstream classes), Reading and writing Text Files, Using put(), get(), read() and write() functions, Random access in files, Understanding the Preprocessor Directives (\#include, \#define, \#error, \#if, \#else, \#elif, \#endif, \#ifdef, \#ifndef and \#undef), Macros

Using Classes in C++
Lectures)
Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining \& Using Classes, Class Constructors, Constructor Overloading, Function overloading in classes, Class Variables \&Functions, Objects as parameters, Specifying the Protected and Private Access, Copy Constructors, Overview of
Template classes and their use.
Inheritance and Polymorphism
(4 Lectures)
Introduction to Inheritance and Polymorphism

## Reference Books:

1. HerbtzSchildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill. 2003
2. BjarneStroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley , 2013.
3. BjarneStroustroup, "Programming -- Principles and Practice using C++", 2nd Edition, AddisonWesley 2014.
4. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
5.PaulDeitel, Harvey Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
5. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with C++", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2000.
6. Andrew Koeni, Barbara, E. Moo, "Accelerated C++", Published by Addison-Wesley
7. Scott Meyers, "Effective C++", 3rd Edition, Published by Addison-Wesley, 2005.
8. Harry, H. Chaudhary, "Head First C++ Programming: The Definitive Beginner's Guide", First Create space Inc, O-D Publishing, LLC USA. 2014
9. Walter Savitch, "Problem Solving with C++", Pearson Education, 2007.
10. Stanley B. Lippman, JoseeLajoie, Barbara E. Moo, "C++ Primer", Published by Addison-Wesley, 5th Edition, 2012

## Introduction to $\mathbf{c} / \mathrm{c}++$ Programming Lab

## Practical: 60 lectures

1. Write a program to find greatest of three numbers.
2. Write a program to find gross salary of a person
3. Write a program to find grade of a student given his marks.
4. Write a program to find divisor or factorial of a given number.
5. Write a program to print first ten natural numbers.
6. Write a program to print first ten even and odd numbers.
7. Write a program to find grade of a list of students given their marks.

## $3^{3^{\mathrm{RD}} \text { SEMESTER }}$

## DSC-2C:Computer Networks and Internet Technologies

Theory: 60 lectures
Computer Networks: Introduction to computernetwork, data communication, components of data communication, data transmission mode, data communication measurement, LAN, MAN, WAN, wireless LAN, internet, intranet, extranet.6L

Network Models: Client/ server network and Peer-to-peer network, OSI, TCP/IP,layers and functionalities. 8 L

Transmission Media: Introduction, Guided Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial cable, Optical fiber. Unguided media: Microwave, Radio frequency propagation, Satellite.4L

LAN Topologies: Ring, bus, star, mesh and tree topologies.2L
Network Devices: NIC, repeaters, hub, bridge, switch, gateway and router.2L

Internet Terms: Web page, Home page, website, internet browsers, URL, Hypertext, ISP, Web server, download and upload, online and offline.2L

Internet Applications: www, telnet, ftp, e-mail, social networks, search engines, Video Conferencing, e-Commerce, m-Commerce, VOIP, blogs. 6 L

Introduction to Web Design: Introduction to hypertext markup language (html) Document type definition, creating web pages, lists, hyperlinks, tables, web forms, inserting images, frames, hosting options and domain name registration. Customized Features: Cascading style sheet (css) for text formatting and other manipulations.16L

JavaScript Fundamentals: Data types and variables, functions, methods and events, controlling program flow, JavaScript object model, built-in objects and operators.14L

## Reference Books:

1.Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall Computer Networks (5th Edition), PHI, 2010
2.B. A. Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking, TMH,2003.
3.D.R. Brooks, An Introduction to HTML and Javascript for Scientists and Engineers, Springer W. Willard,2009
4. HTML A Beginner's Guide, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
5. J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007

## SEC-1 : Android Programming

Introduction: History of Android, Introduction to Android Operating Systems, AndroidDevelopment Too (2L)
Overview of object oriented programming using Java: OOPs Concepts: Inheritance,Polymorphism, Interfaces, Abstract class, Threads, Overloading and Overriding, Java Virtual Machine. (4L)

Development Tools: Installing and using Eclipse with ADT plug-in, Installing Virtualmachine for Android sandwich/Jelly bean (Emulator), configuring the installed tools, creating a android project - Hello Word, run on emulator, Deploy it on USB-connected Android device.
(5L)
User Interface Architecture: Application context, intents, Activity life cycle, multiple screensize
(2L)
User Interface Design: Form widgets, Text Fields, Layouts, Button control, toggle buttons,Spinners(Combo boxes),Images, Menu, Dialog.(2L)

Database: Understanding of SQLite database, connecting with thedatabase

## Book Recommended:

1. Android application development for java programmers. By James C. Sheusi. Publisher: Cengage Learning, 2013.

## ONLINE READING / SUPPORTING MATERIAL:

1. http://www.developer.android.com
2. http://developer.android.com/about/versions/index.html
3. http://developer.android.com/training/basics/firstapp/index.html
4. http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/index.htm (Available in the form of free downloadable ebooks also).
5. http://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities.html
6. http://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals.html
7. http://developer.android.com/guide/components/intents-filters.html.
8. http://developer.android.com/training/multiscreen/screensizes.html
9. http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/ui/controls.html
10. http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/ui/declaring-layout.html
11. http://developer.android.com/training/basics/data-storage/databases.html

## Software Lab Based on Android Programming:

1. Create -Hello World\|l application. That will display -Hello World\| in the middle of the screen in the emulator. Also display -Hello World\| in the middle of the screen in the Android Phone.
2. Create an application with login module. (Check username and password).
3. Create spinner with strings taken from resource folder (res $\gg$ value folder) and on changing the spinner value, Image will change.
4. Create a menu with 5 options and and selected option should appear in text box.
5. Create a list of all courses in your college and on selecting a particular course teacher-in-charge of that course should appear at the bottom of the screen.
6. Create an application with three option buttons, on selecting a button colour of the screen will change.
7. Create and Login application as above. On successful login, pop up the message.
8. Create an application to Create, Insert, update, Delete and retrieve operation on the database.

## $4^{4^{\text {TH }} \text { SEMESTER }}$

## DSC-2D : Introduction to Database System

## Theory: 60 lectures

Database: Introduction to database, relational data model, DBMS architecture, data $\mathbf{4 L}$ independence DBA, database users, end users, front end tools
E-R Modeling: Entity types, entity set, attribute and key, relationships, relation4L types, E-R diagrams database design using ER diagrams
Relational Data Model: Relational model concepts, relational constraints, primary 14 L and foreign key normalization: 1NF, 2NF, 3NF
Structured Query Language: SQL queries, create a database table, create18L relationships betweer database tables, modify and manage tables, queries, forms, reports, modify, filter and view data.

## Reference Books :

1. P. Rob, C. Coronel, Database System Concepts by, Cengage Learning India, 2008
2. R. Elmsasri,S. Navathe Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 2007
3. MySQL : Reference Manual

## Introduction to Database System Lab

## Practical: 60 lectures

1) Create a database having two tables with the specified fields, to computerize a library system of a Delhi University College.
LibraryBooks (Accession number, Title, Author, Department, PurchaseDate, Price) IssuedBooks (Accession number, Borrower)
a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
b) Delete the record of book titled -Database System Conceptsll.
c) Change the Department of the book titled -Discrete Maths\| to -CS\|.
d) List all books that belong to - $\mathrm{CS} \|$ department.
e) List all books that belong to - CS\| department and are written by author -Navathell.
f) List all computer (Department $=\|\mathrm{CS}\|$ ) that have been issued.
g) List all books which have a price less than 500 or purchased between $-01 / 01 / 1999 \|$ and -01/01/2004|.
2) Create a database having three tables to store the details of students of Computer Department in your college.
Personal information about Student (College roll number, Name of student, Date of birth, Address, Marks(rounded off to whole number) in percentage at $10+2$, Phone number) Paper Details (Paper code, Name of the Paper)
Student's Academic and Attendance details (College roll number, Paper code, Attendance, Marks in home examination).
a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
b) Design a query that will return the records (from the second table) along with the name of student from the first table, related to students who have more than $75 \%$ attendance and more than $60 \%$ marks in paper 2.
c) List all students who live in —Delhill and have marks greater than 60 in paper 1.
d) Find the total attendance and total marks obtained by each student.
e) List the name of student who has got the highest marks in paper 2.
3) Create the following tables and answer the queries given below:

Customer (CustID, email, Name, Phone, ReferrerID) Bicycle (BicycleID, DatePurchased, Color CustID, ModelNo) BicycleModel (ModelNo, Manufacturer, Style) Service (StartDate, BicycleID EndDate)
a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
b) List all the customers who have the bicycles manufactured by manufacturer -Hondall.
c) List the bicycles purchased by the customers who have been referred by customer - C 1 l .
d) List the manufacturer of red colored bicycles.
e) List the models of the bicycles given for service.
4) Create the following tables, enter at least 5 records in each table and answer the queries given below.
EMPLOYEE ( Person_Name, Street, City ) WORKS ( Person_Name, Company_Name, Salary ) COMPANY ( Company_Name, City )
MANAGES ( Person_Name, Manager_Name)
a) Identify primary and foreign keys.
b) Alter table employee, add a column -emaill of type varchar(20).
c) Find the name of all managers who work for both Samba Bank and NCB Bank.
d) Find the names, street address and cities of residence and salary of all employees who work for -Samba Bankll and earn more than $\$ 10,000$.
e) Find the names of all employees who live in the same city as the company for which they work.
f) Find the highest salary, lowest salary and average salary paid by each company.
g) Find the sum of salary and number of employees in each company.
h) Find the name of the company that pays highest salary.
5) Create the following tables, enter at least 5 records in each table and answer the queries given below.
Suppliers (SNo, Sname, Status, SCity)Parts (PNo, Pname, Colour, Weight,City) Project (JNo,
Jname, Jcity)Shipment (Sno, Pno, Jno, Qunatity) Jname, Jcity)Shipment (Sno, Pno, Jno, Qunatity)
a) Identify primary and foreign keys.
b) Get supplier numbers for suppliers in Paris with status $>20$.
c) Get suppliers details for suppliers who supply part P2. Display the supplier list in increasing order of supplier numbers.
d) Get suppliers names for suppliers who do not supply part P2.
e) For each shipment get full shipment details, including total shipment weights.
f) Get all the shipments where the quantity is in the range 300 to 750 inclusive.
g) Get part nos. for parts that either weigh more than 16 pounds or are supplied by suppliers S 2 , or both.
h) Get the names of cities that store more than five red parts.
i) Get full details of parts supplied by a supplier in London.
j) Get part numbers for part supplied by a supplier in London to a project in London.
k) Get the total number of project supplied by a supplier (say, S1).

1) Get the total quantity of a part (say, P1) supplied by a supplier (say, S1).

## SEC-2 :XML Programming

Introduction: Understanding Mark-up Languages, Introduction to XML and itsGoals. (3L)
XML Basics: XML Structure and Syntax, Document classes andRules. (5L)
Other XML Concepts: Scripting XML, XML as Data, Linking withXML. (4L)
XML with Style: XSL - Style Sheet Basics, XSL basics, XSL stylesheets. (3L)

## Books Recommended

1. XML in action web technology by William J. Pardi
2. Step by Step XML by Michael J. Young

## Software Lab Based on XML:

Exercise \#1 - Information Structure
In this exercise, student will practice identifying the structure of an information object. For the sample document provided below:

Label the information structures you see, including containing structures.

## Exercise 2\# Deconstructing an XML Document

In this exercise, student will practice identifying the explicit structure within an XML document. In a sense, this is the reverse of what you did in Exercise \#1. For the sample XML markup below, create a document-like representation (or a simple drawing) for the content contained within the XML tags:
<book>
<coverInfo>
<title> The XML
Handbook</title><author>Charles F.
Goldfarb</author><author>Paul
Prescod</author><edition>Second</edi
tion $>$

## $5^{\text {TH }}$ SEMESTER

## SEC-3:PHP Programming

## Introduction to PHP:

PHP introduction, inventions and versions, important tools and software requirements (like Web Server, Database, Editors etc.)
PHP with other technologies, scope of PHP
Basic Syntax, PHP variables and constants
Types of data in PHP, Expressions, scopes of a variable (local, global)
$\square$ PHP Operators : Arithmetic, Assignment, Relational, Logical operators, Bitwise , ternary and MOD operator.
PHP operator Precedence and associativity
Handling HTML form withPHP: (2L)
$\square$ Capturing Form Data
$\square$ GET and POST form methods
$\square \quad$ Dealing with multi value fields
$\square \quad$ Redirecting a form after submission

## PHP conditional events andLoops: (3L)

$\square$ PHP IF Else conditional statements ( Nested IF and Else)
$\square$ Switch case, while ,For and Do While Loop
$\square$ Goto, Break ,Continue and exit
PHP Functions:
(3L)
$\square$ Function, Need of Function, declaration and calling of a function
$\square$ PHP Function with arguments, Default Arguments in Function
$\square$ Function argument with call by value, call by reference
$\square$ Scope of Function Global and Local
String Manipulation and RegularExpression: (3L)
Creating and accessing String, Searching \& Replacing String
$\square$ Formatting, joining and splitting String, String Related Library functions
$\square$ Use and advantage of regular expression over inbuilt function
$\square$ Use of preg_match(), preg_replace(), preg_split() functions in regular expression Array:(3L)

Anatomy of an Array ,Creating index based and Associative array ,Accessing array
Looping with Index based array, with associative array using each() and foreach()
Some useful Library function

## Reference Books:

1. Steven Holzner, "PHP: The Complete Reference Paperback", McGraw Hill Education (India), 2007.
2. Timothy Boronczyk, Martin E. Psinas, "PHP and MYSQL (Create-Modify-Reuse)", Wiley India Private Limited, 2008.
3. Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS \& HTML5", 3rd Edition Paperback, O'reilly, 2014.
4. Luke Welling, Laura Thompson, PHP and MySQL Web Development", 4th Edition, Addition Paperback, Addison-Wesley Professsional,2008.
5. David Sklar, Adam Trachtenberg, "PHP Cookbook: Solutions \& Examples for PHP Programmers", 2014.

## Software Lab Based on PHP:

1. Create a PHP page using functions for comparing three integers and print the largest number.
2. Write a function to calculate the factorial of a number (non-negative integer). The function accept the number as an argument.
3. WAP to check whether the given number is prime or not.
4. Create a PHP page which accepts string from user. After submission that page displays the reverse of provided string.
5. Write a PHP function that checks if a string is all lower case.
6. Write a PHP script that checks whether a passed string is palindrome or not? (A palindrome is word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backward as forward, e.g., madam or nurses run)
7. WAP to sort an array.
8. Write a PHP script that removes the whitespaces from a string.

Sample string : 'The quick " " brown fox'
Expected Output : Thequick""brownfox
9. Write a PHP script that finds out the sum of first n odd numbers.
10. Create a login page having user name and password. On clicking submit, a welcome message should be displayed if the user is already registered (i.e.name is present in the database) otherwise error message should be displayed.
11. Write a PHP script that checks if a string contains another string.
12. Create a simple 'birthday countdown' script, the script will count the number of days between current day and birth day.
13. Create a script to construct the following pattern, using nested for loop.
*

***
****
*****
14. Write a simple PHP program to check that emails are valid.
15. WAP to print first $n$ even numbers.
16. \$color = array('white', 'green', 'red")

Write a PHP script which will display the colors in the following way :
Output:
white, green, red,
-
green

- red
- white

17. Using switch case and dropdown list display a - Helloll message depending on the language selected in drop down list.
18. Write a PHP program to print Fibonacci series using recursion.
19. Write a PHP script to replace the first 'the' of the following string with 'That'.

Sample :'the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.'
Expected Result : That quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

## DSE-2A : Programming in VB/GAMBAS

Theory: 60 lectures
GUI Environment: Introduction to graphical user interface (GUI), programming
4L language (procedural, object oriented, event driven), the GUI environment, compiling, debugging, and running the programs.

Controls : Introduction to controls textboxes, frames, check boxes, option buttons, images, setting borders and styles, the shape control, the line control, working with multiple controls and their properties, designing the user interface, keyboard access, tab controls, default \& cancel property, coding for controls.

Operations: Data types, constants, named \& intrinsic, declaring variables, scope of variables, val function, arithmetic operations, formatting data.

Decision Making : If statement, comparing strings, compound conditions (and, or, not), nested if statements, case structure, using if statements with option buttons \& check boxes, displaying message in message box, testing whether input is valid or not.

Modular programming: Menus, sub-procedures and sub-functions defining / creating and modifying a menu, using common dialog box, creating a new subprocedure, passing variables to procedures, passing argument by value or by reference, writing a function/ procedure.

Forms Handling : Multiple forms creating, adding, removing forms in project, hide,
6L show method, load, unload statement, me keyword, referring to objects on a different forms

Iteration Handling: Do/loops, for/next loops, using msgbox function, using string function

Arrays and Grouped Data Control: Arrays - 1-dimension arrays, initializing an array using for each, user-defined data types, accessing information with user-defined data types, using list boxes with array, two dimensional arrays. lists, loops and printing list boxes \& combo boxes, filling the list using property window / add item method, clear method, list box properties, removing an item from a list, list box/ combo box operations.

Database Connectivity: Database connectivity of forms with back end tool like
4L

10 L mysql, populating the data in text boxes, list boxes etc. searching of data in database using forms. Updating/ editing of data based on a criterion.

## Reference Books:

1. Reference: Programming in Visual Basic 6.0 by Julia Case Bradley, Anita C. Millispangh(Tata Mcgraw Hill Edition 2000 (Fourteenth Reprint 2004)

## Programming in VB/GAMBAS Lab

## Practical: 60 lectures

1. Print a table of numbers from 5 to 15 and their squares and Cubes.
2. Print the largest of three numbers.
3. Find the factional of a number $n$.
4. Enter a list of positive numbers terminated by zero. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
5. A person deposits Rs. 1000 in a fixed account yielding $5 \%$ interest. Complete the amount in the account at the end of each year for $n$ years.
6. Read $n$ numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeros in the list.
7. Read n numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeroes in the list.use arrays.
8. Read a single dimension array. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
9. Read a two dimension array. Find the sum of two 2D Array.
10. Create a database Employee and Make a form in VB 6.0 to allow data entry to Employee Form with the following command buttons:

Employee Form
Employee Name: $\quad$ NEXT

Employee Id:


Date of Joining:


Designation:


Department: $\square$
Address: $\square$

Basic Pay: $\square$

FIRST

LAST


CANCEL

## $6^{\text {TH }}$ SEMESTER

## SEC-4: Unix/ Linux Programming Syllabus

## Introduction

What is linux/unix Operating systems
Difference between linux/unix and other operating systems
Features and Architecture
Various Distributions available in the market
Installation, Booting and shutdown process

System processes (an overview)
External and internal commands
Creation of partitions in OS
$\square$ Processes and its creation phases - Fork, Exec, wait
User Management and the File System
Types of Users, Creating users, Granting rights
User management commands
File quota and various file systems available
File System Management and Layout, File permissions
Login process, Managing Disk Quotas
Links (hard links, symbolic links)

## Shell introduction and ShellScripting (6L)

What is shell and various type of shell, Various editors present in linux
Different modes of operation in vi editor
What is shell script, Writing and executing the shell script
Shell variable (user defined and system variables)
System calls, Using system calls
Pipes and Filters
Decision making in Shell Scripts (If else, switch), Loops in shell
Functions
Utility programs (cut, paste, join, tr, uniq utilities)
Pattern matching utility (grep)

## Reference Books:

1. Sumitabha, Das, Unix Concepts And Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2006
2.Michael Jang RHCSA/ RHCE Red Hat Linux Certification: Exams (Ex200 \& Ex300) (Certification Press), 2011
3.Nemeth Synder\& Hein, Linux Administration Handbook, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition ,2010
4.W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Unix Network Programming, The
sockets Networking API, Vol. 1, 3rd Edition,2014

## Software Lab Based on Linux:

1. Write a shell script to check if the number entered at the command line is prime or not.
2. Write a shell script to modify -call command to display calendars of the specified months.
3. Write a shell script to modify -call command to display calendars of the specified range of months.
4. Write a shell script to accept a login name. If not a valid login name display message -
-Entered login name is invalidll.
5. Write a shell script to display date in the $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{dd} / \mathrm{yy}$ format.
6. Write a shell script to display on the screen sorted output of -wholl command along with the total
number of users .
7. Write a shell script to display the multiplication table any number,
8. Write a shell script to compare two files and if found equal asks the user to delete the duplicate file.
9. Write a shell script to find the sum of digits of a given number.
10. Write a shell script to merge the contents of three files, sort the contents and then display them page by page.
11. Write a shell script to find the LCD (least common divisor) of two numbers.
12. Write a shell script to perform the tasks of basic calculator.
13. Write a shell script to find the power of a given number.
14. Write a shell script to find the binomial coefficient $C(n, x)$.
15. Write a shell script to find the permutation $P(n, x)$.
16. Write a shell script to find the greatest number among the three numbers.
17. Write a shell script to find the factorial of a given number.
18. Write a shell script to check whether the number is Armstrong or not.
19. Write a shell script to check whether the file have all the permissions or not.

## DSE-2B:Software Testing

( $1+2$ Labs)

## Introduction

(4L)
Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, Basic Terminologies, V Shaped Software Lifecycle Model

## Functional Testing $\backslash$ Black-box Testing

Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Testing, Decision Table Based Testing
Structural Testing $\backslash$ White-box Testing
Basis Path Testing: Program Graph, DD Path graph, Cyclomatic Complexity, Graph Matrices, Control Flow
Testing: Statement Coverage, Branch Coverage, Condition Coverage, Path Coverage

## Books Recommended:

1. Roger S. Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, Seventh Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education. 2009
2. Yogesh Singh, Software Testing, Cambridge University Press. 2011.

## Computer Lab Based on Software Testing:

1. Write a program that take three inputs $(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b} \& \mathrm{c})$ that represent the sides of a triangle, and the output is one of the below four:
a. Not a triangle
b. Scalene triangle
c. Isosceles triangle
d. Equilateral triangle
1.1 Generate test cases using Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Partitioning and Decision Table Testing.
1.2 Generate test cases using Basis path testing.
1.3 Run code coverage tool.
2. Write a program that determines the nature of roots of a quadratic equation. Output should be one of the following:-

- Not a quadratic equation.
- Complex roots
- Real roots
- Single roots
I. Generate test cases using Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Partitioning and

Decision Table Testing.
II. Generate test cases using Basis path testing. III.

Run code coverage tool
3. Write a program that checks whether the number is even or odd. Run code coverage tool and find the amount of code being covered.
4. Write a program that dynamically allocates memory tol0 integers using malloc() or calloc() and

- donot free memory leading to memory leaks. Verify the same usingValgrind.
- Now, free memory using free() at the end of the program to avoid memory leaks. Verify the same using Valgrind.
Use LoadUI load testing tool to test the web application performance.

